

BeingAfrican, LLC Curriculum-Lesson 20

Objectives

Upon completion of this lesson, students will be able to:

1. Identify and sound out a variety of animals
 2. Identify some words with the same singular and plural form.
 3. Continue practising sentence construction
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Revisiting animals

Eranko	Animal
Àbìlà	Zebras
Kìníún	Lions
Eerin	Elephant
Ìkookò	Hyenas
Egbin	Impalas
Ehoro	Rabbits
Ìnàkí	Baboons
Àgunfon	Giraffes
Ejò	Snakes
Òbo	Monkeys
Àmòtékùn	Leopard
Àmòtékùn	Cheetah

Òkùn	Millipede
Òònì	Crocodile
Tata	Grasshopper
Ìgbín	Snail
Alángbá	Lizard

Practise work

Name other animals not on the list.

Dárúko àwon eranko ti ko si ni ibi

Complete these sentences

Parí àwon òrò wonyii

Zebras have _____ all over the body	_____ ni àbìlà maa n ní lara
Elephants are very _____ animals	Eerin jé eranko to _____
_____ have very long necks	Eranko tó ní orùn to gùn nii _____
Some snakes are _____	Àwon ejò kan maa n _____

Words to complete the sentences

Big -Tóbi

Stripes - Orísiriisi

Poisonous - Olóró

Giraffes - Àgùnfon

Improving self expression : (B) Plurals of Animal nouns

The English noun “sheep” can refer to one or any number of them. It can be singular or plural in meaning. Revisit the list of nouns in the new vocabulary in [lesson 15](#). Remember, Yoruba has such words too.

In Yoruba many names of animals are like this.

Ni èdè Yorùbá, bi a se ń ko orúko àwon eranko ni wonyii;

Awon Kìniún	Lion(s)
Awon Eerin	Elephant(s)
Àwon Elédè	Pig(s)
Àwon Ewúré	Goat(s)
Àwon Àgùntàn	Sheep
Àwon Òdó Àgùntàn	Lamb(s)
Àwon Omo	Kid(s)
Àwon Àdàbà	Dove(s)
Àwon Àgùnfon	Giraffe(s)
Àwon Kétété	Zebra(s)
Àwon Erinmi	Hippo(s)
Àwon gbodo	Kudu(s)
Àwon Ehoró	Rabbit(s)
Àwon Ejó	Snake(s)

Àwon Adìye	Chick(s)
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Challenge task: Try out the above nouns in your sentences. Gbiyanju awon oro oruko wonyii ninu ede re.

1. "Pick up some chicks"
2. "We eat lamb"
3. "Look! A snake!"