

## BeingAfrican, LLC Curriculum-Lesson 11

### Objectives

1. To learn and understand different time references.
  2. To practise the different ways of greeting.
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### Let's get wordy (time references)

Below is an illustration of the different time references we are familiar with. A day is categorised as follows

Shona	English
Mangwanani	Morning
Masikati	Afternoon
Manheru	Evening
Usiku	Night

**Let's move on to the days of the week. Practise reading out the words from Monday to Sunday.**

<b>Shona</b>	<b>English</b>
Muvhuro	Monday
Chipiri	Tuesday
Chitatu	Wednesday
China	Thursday
Chishanu	Friday
Mugovera	Saturday
Svondo	Sunday

Let's move on to the months of the year. Practise reading out loud from January to December.

Shona	English
Ndira	January
Kukadzi	February
Kurume	March
Kubvumbi	April
Chivabvu	May
Chikumi	June
Chikunguru	July
Mbudzi	November
Zvita	December

Below are illustrations of the different ways of greeting depending on the time of the day.

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1. Let's start practising morning greetings

GENERAL-Shona greeting	Intended English meaning
Person 1: Mangwanani	Good Morning
Response: Mangwanani	Good Morning

2. Morning greetings when communicating with a **young person**.

1) **Person1** is the young person or peers

2) **Response** Is a young person or peers

YOUNG PERSON-Shona greeting	Intended English meaning
Person 1: Mangwanani Rudo, <b>wa</b> rara seyi?	Good morning Rudo, how did you sleep?
Response: <b>Nda</b> rara kana wararawo	I slept well, how about you?
<b>OR</b>	
Person1: Mangwanani <b>wa</b> muka seyi?	Good morning, did you wake up well?
Response: <b>Nda</b> muka kana wamukawo	Very well, how did you sleep?

3. Morning greetings when a young person is communicating with an elder in singular form:

1) **Person1:** Is the young person

2) **Response:** Is the elder

<b>ELDER SINGULAR-Shona greeting</b>	<b>Intended English meaning</b>
<b>Person1:</b> Mangwanani <b>marara</b> seyi?	Good morning, how did you sleep?
<b>Response</b> <b>Ndarara</b> kana <b>wararawo</b>	I slept well, how about you?
<b>OR</b>	
<b>Person1:</b> Mangwanani, <b>mamuka</b> seyi?	Good morning, did you wake up well?
<b>Response:</b> <b>Ndamuka</b> kana <b>wamukawo</b>	I woke up well, how about you?

**4. Morning greetings when communicating with a group of people or with elders.**

**1) Person1:** A group of people being greeted at once OR a single elder

**2) Response:** Can be a group of people being greeted at once OR a single elder

<b>PLURAL or an ELDER Shona greeting</b>	<b>Intended English meaning</b>
<b>Person1:</b> Mangwanani mamuka seyi?	Good morning, did you wake up well?
<b>Response:</b> Tamuka kana mamukawo	I woke up well, how about you?
<b>OR</b>	
<b>Person1:</b> Mangwanani marara seyi?	Good morning, did you sleep well?
<b>Response:</b> Tarara mararawo	I slept well, how about you?

**END OF MORNING GREETINGS**

1. Let's start practising afternoon greetings

<b>GENERAL-Shona afternoon greeting</b>	<b>Intended English meaning</b>
<b>Person1:</b> Masikati	Good afternoon
<b>Response:</b> Masikati	Good afternoon

2. Afternoon greetings when communicating with **young person(s)**.

**1) Person1:** is the young person or peers

**2) Response:** Is a young person or peers

<b>YOUNG PERSON-Shona Greeting</b>	<b>Intended English meaning</b>
<b>Young Person1:</b> Maskati waswera seyi?	Good afternoon, How was your day?
<b>Young Person Response:</b> Ndaswera kana waswerawo	My day was fine, hope yours was fine too

### 3. Afternoon greetings when communicating with Elders. Young person communicating with an elder

1) **Person1:** Is the young person

2) **Response:** Is the elder

<b>ELDERS-Shona greeting</b>	<b>Intended English meaning</b>
<b>Young Person1:</b> Masikati, maswera seyi?	Good afternoon, how was your day?
<b>Elder Response:</b> Ndaswera kana waswerawo	My day was fine, hope yours was fine too
<b>Young Person1:</b> Aiwa ndaswera	Very well, thank you



**4. Afternoon greetings when communicating with a group of people or with elders.**

**1) Person1:** A group of people being greeted at once OR a single elder

**2) Response:** Can be a group of people being greeted at once OR a single elder

<b>PLURAL or an ELDER-Shona greetings</b>	<b>Intended English meaning</b>
<b>Person1:</b> Masikati, maswera seyi?	Good afternoon How was your day?
<b>Response:</b> Taswera kana maswerawo	Our day was fine, hope yours was fine too?
<b>Person1:</b> Aiwa taswera	Very well, thank you

**END OF AFTERNOON GREETINGS**

## 1. Let's start practising Evening greetings start here

<b>GENERAL-Shona Greeting</b>	<b>Intended English meaning</b>	<b>Literally Translated</b>
Person1: Manheru	Good evening	Good evening
Response: Manheru	Good evening	Good evening

## 2. Evening greetings when communicating with **young person(s)**.

1) **Person1:** is the young person or peers

2) **Response:** Is a young person or peers

<b>YOUNG PERSON-Shona Greeting</b>	<b>Intended English meaning</b>	<b>Literally Translated</b>
Person1: Manheru waswera seyi?	Good evening, how was your day?	Good Evening, how did you spend your day?
Response: Ndaswera kana waswerawo	My day was fine, hope yours was fine too	I have spent my day well, if you have spent yours well.

### 3. Evening greetings when communicating with a group of people or with an elder

1) **Person1:** A group of people being greeted at once OR a single elder

2) **Response:** Can be a group of people being greeted at once OR a single elder

<b>PLURAL or an ELDER- Shona greeting</b>	<b>Intended English meaning</b>	<b>Literally Translated</b>
Person1: Manheru, maswera sei?	Good evening, how was your day?	Good Evening, how did you spend your day?
Response: Taswera kana maswerawo	My day was fine, hope yours was fine too	We have spent my day well, if you have spent yours well.