

## BeingAfrican, LLC Curriculum-Lesson 20

### Objectives

Upon completion of this lesson, students will be able to:

1. Identify and sound out a variety of animals
  2. Identify some words with the same singular and plural form.
  3. Continue practising sentence construction
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### Revisiting animals

Tilwane	Animal
Emadvuba	Zebras
Emabhubesi	Lions
Indlovu	Elephant
Mapere	Hyenas
Timpala	Impalas
Bologwaja	Rabbits
Timfene	Baboons
Tindlulamitsi	Giraffes
Tinyoka	Snakes
Tingobiyane	Monkeys
Ingwe	Leopard
Dindingwe	Cheetah

Lishongololo	Millipede
Ingwenya	Crocodile
Intsetse	Grasshopper
Umnenke	Snail
Umgololo	Lizard

### Practise work

Name other animals not on the list.

Bhala letinye tilwane letingekho kuleti letibhaliwe.

### Complete these sentences

Cedzela lemisho

Zebras have _____ all over the body	Emdvuba _____ umtimba wonkhe
Elephants are very _____ animals	Tindlovu tilwane _____ kakhulu
_____ have very long necks	_____ tinetintsamo letindze kakhulu
Some snakes are _____	Letinye tinyoka _____

### Words to complete the sentences

Big - Tinkhulu

Stripes - Imishwa

Poisonous - Tinashevu

Giraffes - Tindlulamitsi

**Improving self expression : (B) Plurals of Animal nouns**

The English noun “sheep” can refer to one or any number of them. It can be singular or plural in meaning. Revisit the list of nouns in the new vocabulary in [Lesson 15](#). SiSwati has very few words similar to these.

Libhubesi/Emabhubesi	Lion(s)
Indlovu/Tindlovu	Elephant(s)
Ingulube/Tingulube	Pig(s)
Ingulube/Tingulube	Goat(s)
Siklabhu/Tiklabhu	Sheep
Imvu/Timvu	Lamb(s)
Imbutana	Kid(s)
Lituba/Ematuba	Dove(s)
Indlulamitsi/Tindlulamitsi	Giraffe(s)
Lidvuba/Emadvuba	Zebra(s)
Imvubu/Timvubu	Hippo(s)
Inyamatane	Kudu(s)
Lojwaja/Bologwaja	Rabbit(s)
Inyoka/Tinyoka	Snake(s)
Lintjwele/Emantjwele	Chick(s)

**Challenge task: Try out the above nouns in your sentences e.  
Zama kusebentisa lamabito langenhla emishweni**

1. "Pick up some chicks"  
"Phakamisa ematjwele"
2. "We eat lamb"  
"Sidla imvu"
3. "Look! A snake!"  
"Buka! Inyoka!"