

BeingAfrican, LLC Curriculum-Lesson 20

Objectives

Upon completion of this lesson, students will be able to:

1. Identify and sound out a variety of animals
2. Identify some words with the same singular and plural form.
3. Continue practising sentence construction

Revisiting animals

Inyamazana	Animal
Amadube	Zebras
Izilwane	Lions
Izindlovu	Elephants
Impisi	Hyenas
Impala	Impalas
Imvundla	Rabbits
Imfene	Baboons
Indlulamithi	Giraffes
Inyoka	Snakes
Inkawu	Monkeys
Ingwe	Leopard
Ingwenkala	Cheetah

Utshongololo	Millipede
Ingwenya	Crocodile
Intethe	Grasshopper
Umnenke	Snail
Umpankwa	Lizard

Practise work

Name other animals not on the list.

Qamba ezinye inyamazana ezingekho ohlwini.

Complete these sentences

Gcwalisa imitsho leyi

Zebras have _____ all over the body	Ama Dube ale _____ umzimba wonke
Elephants are very _____ animals	Indlovu zi _____ kakhulu
_____ have very long necks	_____ zile ntamo ezinde
Some snakes are _____	Ezinye inyoka zilo _____

Words to complete the sentences

Big - Nkulu

Stripes - Mibala

Poisonous - Buthi

Giraffes - Indlulamithi

Improving self expression : (B) Plurals of Animal nouns

The English noun “sheep” can refer to one or any number of them. It can be singular or plural in meaning. Revisit the list of nouns in the new vocabulary in [Lesson 15](#), Ndebele has such words too.

In Ndebele many names of animals are like this.

EsiNdebeleni, Sila manye amabala atsho into eyodwa kumbe okunengi. Amabizo enyamazana ajwayele ukubanje.

Isilwane(izi)	Lion(s)
Indlovu	Elephant(s)
Ingulube	Pig(s)
Imbuzi	Goat(s)
Imvu(Izi)	Sheep
Imvana	Lamb(s)
Izinyane(ama)	Kid(s)
Ijuba(ama)	Dove(s)
Indlulamithi	Giraffe(s)
Idube(ama)	Zebra(s)
Imvubu	Hippo(s)
IKudu	Kudu(s)
Umvundla(I)	Rabbit(s)
Inyoka	Snake(s)
Itsiyane/Amatsiyane	Chick(s)

Challenge task: Try out the above nouns in your sentences e.g Sebenzisa amabizo enyamazana lezi ubumbe umitsho.

1. "Pick up some chicks"
2. "We eat lamb"
3. "Look! A snake!"